

CRYSTAL SPRING:

TTS DISCOVERY, ITS SITUATION

AND

HOW TO GET THERE;

ITS HOTEL AND SANITARIUM,

WITH

AN ACCOUNT OF THE MEDICAL PROPERTIES

OF THE WATERS AND THE ADVANTAGES

THE LOCALITY PRESENTS TO THE

TOURIST AND THE INVALID.

ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE CRYSTAL SPRINGS HOTEL will open for the reception of guests on the first day of May. Guests proposing to visit the Springs would do well to notify the proprietors of the Hotel of their intention, either by mail or telegraph, so that rooms may be secured and carriages sent for them if they so desire.

TERMS—The terms at the Crystal Springs Hotel will be \$2.00 per day, and from \$10 to \$12 and \$14 per week.

FULLER BRO'S,

Proprietors Crystal Springs Hotel, Crystal Springs, Yates Co., N. Y.,

and Dickinson House,
Corning, Steuben Co., N. Y.

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CRYSTAL SPRINGS HOTEL.

DISCOVERY OF THE WATERS.

Seventy years ago the greater portion of Yates County, in New York State, was a wilderness of forest, with here and there a cleared piece of land, a log hut, and perhaps a mill. At a spot in a westerly direction from Dundee, and about five miles therefrom, twelve miles south from Penn Yan, and about the same distance northwest from Watkins, was a famous deer-lick. The first settlers in the neighborhood learned from the Indians that

FAR BACK IN REMOTE ANTIQUITY

it had been known. Here was discovered, about forty years ago, a sulphur spring, and near by it a magnetic spring.

THE EXCELLENT QUALITY

of the waters obtained only a local reputation, for they sprang up in an isolated spot, far removed from the thoroughfares of the country, and, although in the midst of a beautiful region, one not easy of access.

CRYSTAL SPRING.

In 1864 some persons living in the neighborhood who had been in the Pennsylvania oil regions, declared that the surface indications were as good there as they were anywhere on the famous Oil Creek. It was the eve of the oil excitement, when every man was willing to try the experiment of drilling in his own door-yard. A company was formed and operations were begun within a few rods of the springs of the deer-lick. At forty-seven feet the drill struck a rock and a tube was lowered, through which sprang a large column of sparkling water. It flowed at the rate of about eighteen gallons a minute. Measurements being made, the spring was found to be seventy-two feet below the surface of the earth. By this time the spring had become the subject of much conversation in the neighborhood, and some of the water from it was sent to Prof. J. Fowler, of Geneva College, for analysis. His report was so favorable, and a letter that he wrote, after a visit to the springs, was so enthusiastic and so full of a promising and profitable future for it, that the design of seeking oil was abandoned.

After the inexhaustible nature of the spring had been fully demonstrated, and its virtues as a remedial agent had been tho-

roughly tested, in a number of cases, a new company was formed for the development of the

NEWLY DISCOVERED TREASURE.

A hotel, bathing rooms, stabling, and other buildings were erected near at hand, and were opened to the use of the public in September, 1866. The accommodations were all too small for the number of persons applying to be provided with the benefits of the water, and in August, 1867, Messrs. Benson Smith and Erastus Wright purchased the property of the company, and put up a *larger* hotel, with more complete accommodations, which was opened to the public in July, 1868. This was burned in 1875. In the following year another building, more superior in all respects, was erected. This Hotel will be conducted during the coming season by the

FULLER BROTHERS,

of the Dickinson House, Corning, N. Y., and their management of that widely-known and very popular hotel, for the past fifteen years, is a guarantee that the

CRYSTAL SPRINGS HOTEL,

in all respects, will be first-class, and conducted in a way that will meet the wishes and desires of the most exacting. The Hotel during the past winter has been very

GREATLY ENLARGED AND IMPROVED.

It now has accommodations for upwards of TWO HUNDRED guests, all the rooms in the house being of more than ordinary size, well lighted and handsomely furnished.

A NEW DINING ROOM,

capable of seating one hundred and fifty persons, has been added, being one among many important improvements the Hotel has undergone at the hands of its new proprietors. The service will be equal in every respect to that of the best hotels in the country. Every room is connected with the office by bells. The house is

LIGHTED WITH GAS

manufactured on the premises. The large cultivated farm belonging to the Hotel furnishes vegetables, fruit, etc., of a freshness, variety and quality not always met with at country resorts. Fish of an excellent quality are found abundantly in the adjacent lakes. The Postoffice facilities are equal to the wants of every one.

The telegraphic communications in the Hotel are superior, an operator being on duty at all hours. In the way of amusement and recreation, there are billiard tables, a bowling alley and a large pavillion, all connected with the Hotel, that can be used either for dancing or evening entertainments. On Sundays the latter is used for religious services.

THE DRIVES IN THE NEIGHBORHOOD

are unsurpassed for the variety and beauty of the scenery constantly presented to the eye. These extend in all directions, over well-kept roads, and could occupy the pleased attention of the stranger and guest for many days.

A LIVERY

in connection with the Hotel provides means for exploring the routes that lie toward Seneca Lake, Lake Keuka, Hammondsport and its famous vineyards, Grove Spring, and the celebrated Watkins Glen, either scene of which present attractions that never tire.

A number of cottages built in the vicinity of this Hotel, by those who make this locality their home during a large part of the year, adds greatly to the appearance of the surroundings.

All the conveniences and appliances for the use of the water from the Springs, in the form of hot, cold and vapor baths, are plentifully provided.

In addition to the Springs, the analysis of which has been given, there are a number of other springs in the immediate vicinity, possessing different medicinal properties.

Lake Keuka is only three miles distant, with its incomparable Bluff Point and clear waters. It is the most beautiful of all the inland lakes of New York. The hills which slope back from the water are covered with vineyards, and large and flourishing wine cellars are located directly on the shore. The waters are filled with varieties of the finny tribe, which yield readily to the skill of the fisherman. Boats, tackle, and skillful fishermen are easily obtained. Passenger and excursion steamers ply the blue waters of the lake—the latter can be secured at any reasonable prices.

The Crystal Springs Hotel lies almost in the exact

CENTER OF THE SUMMER RESORT REGION

of the State of New York. Although in the depth of an almost rural solitude, the resort is on the threshold of most of the great railroad thoroughfares, and can be reached with great ease and comfort.

HOW TO GET TO THE SPRING.

By the New York, Lake Erie and Western Railway, or as it is better known, the "Erie Railway," the passenger can take at Elmira the Northern Central Railway, and be landed at Starkey, where a comfortable stage runs from every train, over a beautiful road, eight miles to the Crystal Springs. On the "Erie," he may be left at Corning, and then the Syracuse, Geneva and Corning Railway being taken, the passenger landed at Dundee, will find at every train a stage to take him five miles, over a pleasant road, to his destination. Either of these routes pass through Watkins, where is situated the famous

WATKINS GLEN,

and tourists visiting that spot should not fail to extend their journey to its sister and neighboring attraction, Crystal Springs.

A carriage ride from Watkins Glen, over the hills, is a delightfully invigorating journey. Or, from Corning, the passenger by the Erie Railway may continue his journey to Bath, one of the most beautiful interior towns of the State. Here a ride on what is known as the

YARD-WIDE ROAD,

or the Bath and Hammondsport Railroad, will land the invalid or pleasure-seeker in Hammondsport. This little road, an enterprise that owes its success to the perseverence and business tact of Captain Allen Wood, its manager and lessee, furnished an outlet to the grape regions of Keuka, and does a business that would be a credit to roads more pretentious in size.

At Hammondsport, the head of Lake Keuka, is located the FAIRCHILD HOUSE, kept by the Fairchild Brothers. From this point it is a delightful carriage drive, or stage ride of about eleven miles to CRYSTAL SPRINGS. If the traveler prefers, a ride down Lake Keuka in the steamer to Penn Yan gives a delightful variety to the journey. A new and elegantly fitted steamer will be placed on the Lake in June, greatly increasing the facilities and comfort of travel over this matchless sheet of water.

A passenger coming by the New York Central and Hudson River Railroad, disembarking at Canandaigua, can take the Northern Central to STARKEY; or, disembarking at Geneva, can take the Syracuse, Geneva and Corning Railroad to Dundee. At Geneva a steamboat can be taken, and a beautiful sail on Lake Seneca be had; at Starkey, ready, rapid and easy communication can always be had with Crystal Springs.



CRYSTAL SPRINGS SANITARIUM.

ALEX. DE BORRA, M.D., PROP'R.

CRYSTAL SPRINGS SANITARIUM.

To obtain the full benefit of the waters, and that invalids may be under the direction of skilled physicians,

A SANITARIUM

has been erected on the grounds of the Crystal Springs Hotel, and it is conducted by its owner, Dr. Alex. de Borra, who, to a natural aptitude for his profession, adds a skill and experience that have been gained by the practice of a life-time, both in Europe and this country. He has obtained a widely extended reputation for shilful medical treatment, and a number of extraordinary cures that he has accomplished.

THE SANITARIUM

is connected with the Hotel by an elevated pathway, crossing the brook and the low lands between the buildings. It was erected under the immediate supervision of Dr. de Borra, and is eminently calculated for the purpose for which it is used, being devised with sole reference to the convenience of patients. The floors are all of hard wood, highly polished, and no carpets are used, each room being capable of being speedily and thoroughly cleansed after its occupant has left it, with no danger remaining that the draperies or floor coverings may retain the seeds of disease. The Sanitarium is

OPEN THE YEAR ROUND.

It is heated by steam, lit with gas, and has speaking tubes connecting every room with the office. Dr. de Borra, besides the water, uses electricity largely, and produces it in

A REMARKABLE MANNER.

It is generated, and a constant supply provided

WITHOUT THE USE OF A BATTERY

of any kind. Two wires are sunk in the earth to the spring, a distance of sixty feet, and from these, by a connection with the

electricity generated in the pipes of the spring by the constantly flowing waters, a supply of the fluid is obtained, not only supplying every room in the house, but making the use of a local battery for telegraphic purposes unnecessary. This electricity is

ALSO DISTRIBUTED

from these two original wires into all the sleeping apartments, where it is applied for the benefit of the invalid there. Perfect control is had over the fluid, and its force can be increased or lessened at the will of the operator.

The Sanitarium is commended to the attention of the invalid for many reasons besides the excellence of the waters of the spring.

TRAINED NURSES.

Great care is taken in the selection of both men and women nurses, that they shall have not only a natural aptitude for their calling, but shall also thoroughly understand it. This is one of the especial and carefully looked for requirements exacted of those in the employment of the Sanitarium. Those who, for one reason or another, have sought other fields for their labor of this nature, are paid very large salaries, measuring their usefulness and aptitude under Dr. de Borra.

DELICACY OF TREATMENT.

Ladies putting themselves in the care of the Sanitarium are treated with a delicacy of attention that does not offend in the least their sense of refinement, or their true retiring womanhood. They are never without the care and presence of experienced nurses of their own sex, trained with the greatest care, and under the strictest discipline.

THE GREAT ELEVATION

of the Springs gives a very dry and pure atmosphere. Persons who suffer from hay fever and asthma, and kindred difficulties, found that they can breathe as comfortably there as among the White Mountains in New Hampshire.

THE ISOLATION

of the institution from everything which could remind one of the work and worry of life, peculiarly adapts it to those needing rest. No whistle of railroad machine shops, or clanging bells of manufactories are there to disturb the slumberer; no rumbling of pon-

derous trains, or rushing hither and thither of an anxious-faced throng of business men to mar the peace, the restfulness of the life with sweet nature that one leads there. In such a place, surrounded by such gentle, healing influences, the gift of health must be won, if the vital powers are not too far exhausted to destroy the possibility of recuperation. Besides these unusual

NATURAL AND ARTIFICIAL ADVANTAGES

for health and pleasure existing at

CRYSTAL SPRINGS,

are added the training and experience of a life-time in the treatment of the sick, both in Europe and America, won by Dr. de Borra, and the enthusiasm of an earnest heart. Every effort will be put forth by all interested to make Crystal Springs a place to to which every one

NEEDING REST AND STRENGTH

may go, in a glad confidence of finding there a skilful medical counsellor, and all the care and comfort he may desire.

PHYSICIANS

may, with entire confidence, send their convalescent patients to Crystal Springs for the advantages undoubtedly possessed by the place, assured that no undue medical interference need be feared, nor undesired influence brought to bear upon the mind.

It is the intention not only to make Crystal Springs in the future not merely a summer resort for health, comfort and restful recreation, but

A HOME FOR INVALIDS

during the entire year.

Guests of the Sanitarium will be entertained and served with meals at the Crystal Springs Hotel, kept by the Messrs. FULLER BRO'S, the well-known proprietors of the Dickinson House, Corning, N. Y., whose reputation as dispensers of genuine hospitality is so firmly established that any further assurance on that point is unnecessary.

Nasal and Bronchial Catarrh.

By the use of our mineral waters and inhalings of balsamated air, we positively promise to cure all Catarrhal affections.

EFFECTS OF CATARRH IN THE SYSTEM.

Catarrh, in ordinary circumstances, whether brought on by climatic or accidental causes, is not by any means difficult to cure in healthy persons, provided proper treatment is commenced before the disease has obtained a firm hold. But in cases where the patient has, either from hereditary predisposition or direct irregularity, a tainted diathesis, Catarrh appears in its worst form and assumes a phase of the most dangerous character, requiring the most careful and scientific management. In these cases the disease is not confined to the linings of the interior of the nose, but extends to the Ethmoid bones, which. forming the nose, are like filagree in their delicate construction, and as thin as an eggshell. The decomposition of these bones, and consequent falling in of the nose, is one of the most painful and hideous pictures that humanity can show as the result of neglecting this repulsive disease. The membranous lining of the nose lies close to the Ethmoid bones, with all their network of nerves and blood vessels, and when inflamed, such is the vitality that the circulation of blood is increased to three times its normal condition, the inflammation extending to the Ethmoid bones, ulcers are formed that penetrate through the entire cartilages, the bone becoming necrosed, the acrid discharges assume a frightful fetid character, and, in scrofulous cases, almost unbearable, the patient often, from injury of his own sense of smell, being unable to comprehend the terrible extent of this effluvium in its loathesomeness to others. The membrane then becomes thickened by continuous inflammation, albuminous deposits become mixed with the discharge, resulting in the destruction and absorption of the Nasal Bones.

BRONCHITIS, OR INFLAMMATION OF THE BRONCHIAL TUBES—
THE THROAT.

This disease is so closely connected with *Catarrh* that it may be truly described as a branch of that disease, only modified and

changed by the nature and organization of the parts affected, Catarrh being confined to the interior of the nose, while Bronchitis affects the small pipes entering into the lungs, known as the Bronchial Tubes. Where this disease obtains its worst character, tumors grow up like mushrooms, creating inflammatory adhesions and discharge of offensive matter from the throat, extending through the Eustachian Tube to the ear, which becomes affected. The absorption of the tuberculous matter is very dangerous, and frequently results in Pulmonary Consumption and Death.

Salt Rheum, Scrofula, Erysipelas, Tetter, Scald Head, Barber's Itch, Piles, Old and Stubborn Sores, and all cutaneous affections, Fever Sores, etc.—all these ills we treat and cure by the scientific use of our Mineral Waters and Ground Batteries.

TO THE PUBLIC.

Owing to the repeated requests by mail to send Circulars or Pamphlets, we found it necessary to bend to the public wish, and for the first time through twenty-five years of professional life, we issue a Pamphlet. We offer nothing that is prompted by ourselves, but, to the contrary, the free and unsolicited opinions of the press where we are known.

ALEX. DE BORRA, M.D.

OPINIONS OF THE PRESS.

[From the Havana Journal.]

THE SANITARIUM.—By the notice of Dr. de Borra, published elsewhere in the Journal this week, it will be seen that he contemplates a removal, with his patients, from our village. This step, we understand, has become necessary in consequence of his being unable to make satisfactory arrangements with parties in control of the property known as the Sanitarium. During the past year, and until its recent destruction, Dr. de Borra has been Resident Physician of the Crystal Springs House, where he has had under his care from fifty to one hundred patients. The burning of that property of course necessitated a removal, and the Doctor came to the Sanitarium bringing with him several invalids—some twenty-five or thirty going to Clifton and other places in consequence of not receiving answers to telegrams asking for accommodations here.

Now that he proposes to leave, the question arises: Cannot something be done whereby the Institution can be kept open and filled with patients? If so, who is the one that can so fill it? We answer, Dr. de Borra. Can he be induced to stay? Certainly, if the citizens of Havana will aid him in procuring the property. He asks no financial aid. He has offered and is ready and able to pay all that, in our opinion, can ever be obtained for it. But he wants the sympathy and good will of our citizens. Can we not afford to give him that, instead of letting the Institution be closed? Once closed as a Sanitarium and that is the end.

Dr. de Borra has abundant opportunities to become interested in similar Institutions in other localities. The Crystal Springs House will soon be rebuilt, and we know that the owners of the Spring are anxious to secure the services of the Doctor. And why? Because his reputation as a physician is such that invalids from far and near place themselves under his care that they may have the benefit of his experience and treatment. Would not this be the case should Dr. de Borra be induced to remain here? Would not the Sanitarium under his charge draw to it a very large number of patients, both winter and summer? Would not that fact benefit us as a community, and give a notoriety to our village not surpassed by any of the celebrated Springs throughout the country? Shall this opportunity be allowed to go by? If so, will we not soon wake up to the fact that the "golden opportunity" is gone forever? We ask these questions in all candor. Will our citizens think of them?

[From the Havana Enterprise.]

DR. DE BORRA is a gentleman of foreign birth, whose rare qualities of mind and heart have won for him many friends in this part of the State. He is gifted, too, in no small degree with common sense, which, entering largely into his practice as a physician, forms a basis from which results many of the wonderful cures performed at the Sanitarium. And some of them are indeed wonderful. Our opinion is that they spring from the practical common sense so highly possessed by the Doctor; and one has but to make his acquaintance to become cognizant of that fact.

[From the Hornellsville Valley Times.]

* * * Dr. de Borra is a most efficient and careful manager, while as a physician he has no superior. He is especially successful in the management of difficult and chronic diseases, and of complaints that have often been deemed incurable. The sick and afflicted can place the fullest reliance on his rare skill as a physician and his honor as a man.

[From the Penn Yan Express.]

ALEX. DE BORRA, M. D., an eminent physician from Europe, is pre-eminently the right man in the right place. He is a graduate of one of the best medical schools in Europe, is a thorough gentleman, and has a happy faculty of curing his patients and making them feel perfectly at home. He was formerly the Resident Physician at Crystal Springs Sanitarium, and won hosts of friends while in that Institution. To those who are afflicted either in mind or body we can say there is no better place to go for relief than to the Sanitarium,

[From the Binghamton Republican.

* * We know of no physician better qualified for the care and treatment of difficult cases of disease than Dr. de Borra. He has had a most thorough education, and an experience both in Europe and America which qualify him in an eminent degree for his position. And he is a gentleman in whose honor, courtesy and good judgment the most implicit confidence can be placed.

ELMIRA, May 5, 1878.

Editor of the Gazette:

Having read Dr. de Borra's recent interesting communication in your paper, allow me to add my cordial appreciation and approval. A pleasant week's visit just made to the Crystal Springs justifies him in my eyes for all the enthusiasm with which he writes of its attractions and advantages. Perhaps I was peculiarly situated to enjoy the absolute rest afforded to patients in that rural retreat. I felt assured after getting settled in my comfortable quarters there that I could not have been commended to a place more exactly suited to my need. No doubt I should have made a longer stay to reap the full benefit of the change, and should my parishioners miss me again from home for a week, I know of no spot where they would be so likely to find me as under the care of Dr. de Borra at Crystal Springs.

W. E. KNOX.

ABOUT two years ago, when the Sanitarium was opened to the public, a letter appeared in print which we give below, because it expresses the spirit of this truly excellent home for invalids:

In taking our place at Crystal Springs Sanitarium, we wish to say something concerning the enterprise in which we have invested our entire capital of enthusiasn and hope.

Crystal Springs has long been a favorite summer resort; and is already and deservedly famous.

There is no location with which we are acquainted (and we have seen much on all sides of the earth,) which furnishes to persons seeking health advantages superior to those found in this delicious nook in Yates County, N. Y.

Its great elevation, giving a very dry and clear atmosphere, is a rare feature of the resort to persons suffering from hay asthma or kindred difficulties. Some of these find that they can breathe as comfortably as among the White Mountains of New Hampshire.

The waters are simply marvellous in their effect upon nervous systems, worn or broken by the worry and care of American life. Persons who have from over-work, anxiety, or sickness lost that perfect equilibrium of the nervo-vital forces which brings natural and healthful sleep, find that after a few days stay at Crystal Springs they can sleep well by night, and nap as well by day; disusing wholly all soporific devices.

Failing appetites also are strangely and speedily restored by the waters of these Springs, the fresh, sweet breath of the pines, and the wild-wood scenery enticing to longer strolls than a person dreams he is able to take.

The isolation of the Institution from everything which could remind one of the work and worry of life peculiarly adapts it to those needing rest.

No whistle of railroads, machine shops or clanging bells of manufactories to disturb the slumberer. No rumbling of ponderous trains, or rushing hither and thither of an anxious-faced throng of business people to mar the peace—the rest fulness of the life with sweet Nature which one leads here.

There are deep forests with their endless treasures of flowers and ferns; lichens and mosses; squirrels and partridges; with here and there a bright glade where an invalid may sun himself by the hour in perfect seclusion. Rich fields promising varied and abundant harvests delight the eye and gladden the grateful heart. All is calm and fair, and the holy silence is eloquent of Him who is "The Life" of all Nature. In such a place as this, with such gentle healing influences, gift of health must be won.

This much for the advantages, natural and artificial, for health and pleasure which already exist here. To these we wish to add the training and experience of a lifetime in the treatment of the sick both in Europe and America. We desire to make Crystal Springs a place to which every one needing rest and strength may come in a glad confidence of finding here a skillful medical counsellor, and all of care and comfort he can desire. Our new building, in process of erection, is devised with sole reference to the convenience of patients, and nurses trained with care, competent and kind, will minister to every need.

To physicians we wish to say that they may, with entire confidence, send here their convalescent patients for the advantages of the place, assured that no undue medical interference need be feared, or undesired influence brought to bear upon the mind. It is my intention to furnish a home for invalids during the entire year.

Earnestly invoking the presence and power of Him who only can create or recreate, and with an assurance that if our enterprise be not the full success we anticipate, it will surely be by failure of the head and not of the heart.

We are yours faithfully,

ALEX. DE BORRA, M. D.

Analysis of the Crystal Spring Waters.

By Prof. J. Fowler, of Hobart College, Geneva.

HOBART COLLEGE AND GENEVA MEDICAL COLLEGE, GENEVA, May 10, 1880.

Messrs. Wright, Sunderlin & Co.:

GENTLEMEN—I have completed the analysis of the water you brought me from the Artesian Well, near Dundee, and have the honor to submit the following as the result of this analysis. The water contains:

Chlorine in100 part	ts
Sulphuric Acid	
Silicic Acid	
Protoxide of Iron	
Lime	
Magnesia	
Iodine	
Soda	
Carbonic Acid	in combination
Alumina	· · a trace.
Phosphoric Acid	· trace.
Carbonic Acid (free)	one-eighth its volume.
Hydrosulphuric Acid	a distinct trace.

The lime, magnesia and iron exist in combination, principally as carbonates, soda, and part of the lime, as chlorides, iodide and sulphate and phosphate. All of which I have the honor to submit.

J. FOWLER.

In June, 1866, Prof. Fowler visited the Crystal Springs, and after returning home wrote, unsolicited, the following letter:

GENEVA MEDICAL COLLEGE, June 11, 1866.

D. J. Sunderlin, Esq.:

My Dear Sir—According to promise, I visited the Crystal Spring, situated in Big Stream Valley, Town of Barrington, Yates County, at the beginning of the present month, June, 1866, in order to make further investigations in reference to this Spring, whose waters I analyzed some months ago. This visit has made me personally acquainted with the conformation of the grounds around the Spring, and from this it is my opinion that the waters at this fountain will never cease to flow. The quantity of water which rushes perpendicularly out of the earth at the Spring is at the rate of about eleven hundred gallons per hour, which is more than sufficient to feed the water works of a village containing six thousand inhabitants.

The Spring is truly a fine specimen of an Artesian well, situated at the bottom of a great geological basin, and fed by water supplied from a considerable distance, and which on their route have to pass over extensive beds both of vegetable and mineral ingredients before they reach the point of exit.

The quantity of Hydrosulphuric Acid present in the waters of the Crystal Spring is much more than that which I found in the waters which I analyzed. There is sufficient of this gas to give the water a sulphur taste and action without exciting the least nausea. And the Carbonic Acid prevailing through the never-ceasing jet, makes the latter appear like an effervescing fountain, and withal the beverage is quite palatable and transparent. You have named it rightly—it is indeed a "Crystal Spring."

With kindest regards to you all, believe me to be,

THE WATER AS A MEDICAL AGENT.

The medical properties of the water of Crystal Spring, after having been tested by trials extending nearly fifteen years, are such that entitle it to the place at the head of the list of medicinal waters yet discovered. It has effected more cures that are real and permanent than any other in the same length of time after its discovery. Among the diseases actually known to have been cured by its use are:

CANCER,
SCROFULA,
DYSPEPSIA,
RHEUMATISM,
NEURALGIA,
PILES,
DROPSY,

DIABETES.

TESTIARY SYPHILIS,
MALIGNANT ECZEMA,
DISEASES OF THE EYE,
DISEASES OF THE SCALP,
DISEASES OF THE KIDNEYS,
NERVOUS PROSTRATION,
FEMALE DISEASES,
GENERAL DEBILITY,

And many other diseases that seem to set at defiance many of the well established principles of *materia medica*. The list of testimonials of actual cures might be increased until *they would fill* a large volume.

WATER SHIPPED.

Crystal Spring water is put up in quart bottles, properly corked and sealed, and sent to order to all parts of the country. The properties of this water are such that it will remain perfectly pure and free from any sediment, in any climate, for any length of time.